Development Strategy Update

2023-2025

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29 June 2023

Experienced company leadership





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Development Strategy Update for 2023-2025



2 assets in clinical trials

Progress in the development of current programs and **expansion** of new early stage projects

Al invaids biotechnology

Main strategic BD goal:

Expected partnering for at least one of clinical programs and one major partnering transaction for mRNA platform

Development areas as a foundation for future growth



Strategic goals for 2023-2025

1. Clinical development of OATD-01 to demonstrate therapeutic efficacy (a Phase II clinical proof-of-concept) in patients with pulmonary sarcoidosis (final report in mid-2025).

Determining the safety, tolerability and maximum tolerated dose (MTD) and the Phase II recommended dose
 (P2RD) in the ongoing Phase I clinical trial of OATD-02 in oncology patients and continuation of expansion studies in hematological indications and in combination therapies targeting solid tumors.

3. Identifying 1-2 advanced lead compounds (candidates for preclinical development) as part of reinforcing our balanced pipeline.

Accelerated development of a breakthrough platform for the discovery of small molecules targeting mRNA, a 4. future breakthrough technology enabling treatment of many uncurable diseases due to undruggable diseaserelevant protein targets.

5. Reducing time, cost and increasing the efficiency of early-stage drug discovery and development.

Balanced pipeline as a trigger for commercialization



OATD-01: Disease modifying potential in sarcoidosis

OATD-01 | a macrophage modifier

CHIT1 plays a key role in macrophages biology

OATD-01 is a potent Chitotriosidase (CHIT1) inhibitor

OATD-01 enters Phase II PoC in sarcoidosis this year, MoA could transform treatment of inflammatory & fibrotic diseases



OATD-01 | is efficacious in Multiwalled carbon nanotube-induced granulomatous inflammation model in mice

OATD-01 suppressed development of organized granulomatous structures in lungs and reduced macrophage inflammation protein (CCL4 in the broncho-alveolar lavage fluid - BALf) in the lungs



OATD-01 | attenuates lung fibrosis in mice



OATD-01 reduces features of pulmonary fibrosis in bleomycin induced model



OATD-01 | efficacious in multiple models of NASH in mice and rats



OATD-01 reduced the hallmarks of non-alcoholic liver disease in mice (STAM and DIAMOND) and fibrosis in rats (CDHFD) and mice (STAM)

OATD-01 | Pre-clinical and phase I data strongly support further development

Compelling Data

- Efficacy proven in multiple animal models
- Convincing translational data
- Excellent pharmacological profile
- Demonstrated safety in animals and humans (129 subjects exposed)

High unmet need in sarcoidosis

- Sarcoidosis is a systemic inflammatory disease characterized by formation of immune granulomas in various organs
- Over 90% of sarcoidosis patients develop pulmonary sarcoidosis with granulomata in lungs
- CHIT1 is significantly overexpressed in sarcoidosis patients



OATD-01 | significant market opportunity for disease-modifying profile

Global sarcoidosis treatment sales with current treatment options are estimated at about US\$188m* as steroids and other immunosuppressive drugs are inexpensive

However, the market is likely to completely change in the coming years.

The two most advanced compounds are:

namilumab (anti-GM-CSF (biologics); Ph2 studies; Kinevant)
efzofitimod (neuropilin-2 modifier (biologics); Ph3 studies; aTyr Pharma)

Molecure estimates a value for the sarcoidosis market at maturity for a disease-modifying treatment could be over US\$1.5bn**.



*EvaluatePharma. **Company estimates

OATD-01 | Phase 2 in sarcoidosis

Double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled multicenter study to assess the safety and efficacy of an oral inhibitor of CHIT1 (OATD-01) in patients with active pulmonary sarcoidosis.

*IND submission	*CTA submission	*FDA & EMA approvals	* *FPFV	Intermediate	*LPLV	Results and *CSR	1
Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	H1 2024	H2 2024	2025	ι, i

Treatment goals

- Improve symptoms
 - reduce the granulomatous burden
 - improve lung function
 - improvement of the radiological image
- Improve QoL



OATD-02: A first in class dual arginase inhibitor for cancer applications

OATD-02 | first in class dual ARG1-ARG2 inhibitor

Molecure is the only company offering a dual arginase (ARG) inhibitor with high intracellular activity



OATD-02 | exhibits dose-dependent therapeutic effect in a multiple tumor models

Significant dose-dependent effect was demonstrated in multiple models (here CT26)



OATD-02 | improved the antitumour efficacy of immune-checkpoint inhibitors

OATD-02 enhanced the efficacy of anti-PD-1 antibody

OATD-02 significantly improved the efficacy of anti-PD-1 antibody from TGI 64% to 87% (p = 0.0450)

OATD-02 prolonged the life of tumour-bearing animals by 5 days in monotherapy (p = 0.0470) and significantly extended the survival of anti-PD-1-treated animals by 10 days (p = 0.0479)



OATD-02 | Addressing cancer with unmet need

Pancreatic ductal cancer (advanced, inoperable)

- current standard treatments comprise chemotherapy combinations (taxanes, gemcitabine, platinum derivates, irinotecan)
- ICI* (e.g., Keytruda, Opdivo, Yervoy) have not yet demonstrated significant efficacy
- •7MM** Pancreatic Cancer Market in 2022 \$1.8B

Metastatic colorectal cancer

- ICI effective in 15-20% subpopulation only (msi high, dMMR+)
- •7MM Colorectal Cancer Market in 2022 \$7.5B

Serous Ovarian Cancer

- ICIs not standard of care
- •7MM Colorectal Cancer Market in 2022 \$2.1B

Renal Cell Cancer

- Targeted agents standard-of-care, ICIs with limited efficacy
- •7MM Renal Cell Cancer Market in 2022 \$3.4B



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OATD-02 | Phase I clinical trial



Design: Open-label single-arm dose-escalation monotherapy study (Bayesian design, 2.5-30mg)

Patient population (30-40 pts): Relapsed/refractory advanced and/or metastatic solid tumors

Colorectal cancer, platinumresistant serous ovarian cancer, pancreatic ductal cancer, renal cell carcinoma



Location: 3 sites in Poland: Warsaw, Otwock, Bydgoszcz



Study Duration: Approx. 1.5 years (Q1 2023 - H2 2024)

OATD-02 | administered to the second cohort of patients



A promising pre-clinical pipeline

USP7 inhibitor | T cell modifier with proven anti-cancer potential

- Deubiquitinating enzymes (DUBs) reverse the post translational modification of proteins by removing ubiquitin
- Enhanced expression of DUBs can be seen in **both cancer and some inflammatory** states
- This makes DUBs a potentially very important group of targets for anticancer therapeutic agents



Validated translational potential

Mechanism of action involves activation of T cells

Significant efficacy as monotherapy and in combinations

mRNA Platform | discovering medicines of the future

Small molecules targeting RNA to prevent downstream RNA translation



Optimization

Our approach

- Selection of functional regions of mRNA for undruggable protein targets
 - Identify locally stable and robustly folded sequences in the functional regions of the RNA of interest with the potential to form pockets accessible by small molecules
 - These secondary structures are not influenced by, and formed independently of flanking sequences
- Using a combination of software prediction and wet lab methods to solve 3D structure
 - Using SHAPE and Next Generation Sequencing to probe and confirm the more reactive, single stranded nucleotide sequences of 2D structure
 - Finely determined 2D structures are the basis for the resolution of the 3D structure (CryoEM, NMR, our proprietary algorithms)
- Virtual screening for druggable RNA fragment
 - Using the combination of physics- and machine learning-based scoring in our high throughput virtual screening engine
- Experimental verification
 - Validation of binding of early hits in molecular and cellular environments (dye or indicator displacement assays, whole cell-omics)

Al-driven drug discovery | following market trends

Early signals that AI companies increase development efficiency

Biopharma target to validated lead ~24-36 months

Leading AI companies ~10-20 months 40-60% reduction in time

Benchmark for industry costs through preclinical studies

Preclinical costs in leading Al biotechs ~USD 5-15 mn

~USD 25-50 mn

Source: McKinsey report from May 2023

40-80%

reduction in cost

by 2025 **~50%**

- reduction of time and cost from therapeutic target validation to clinical candidate nomination
- efficency improvement by reducing attrition rate of drug candidates nomination processes in further preclinical and clinical development

High value assigned to the Al driven discovery platform by the end of 2024

The platform will strenghten Molecure's position as a European leader in the discovery of small-molecule drugs that interact with mRNA

Commercialization and milestones

Commercialization models

Partnering – main form of revenue generation					
Program	Preffered potential models and assumptions				
Clinical stage assets	 exclusive global license for further development and commercialization \$\$/\$\$\$ development the 2nd asset through Ph2 PoC when first asset commercialized \$\$\$ possibility of retaining commercial rights in Poland / EU market for sarcoidosis; rare/orphan 				
Early stage programs	$_{\odot}$ strong emphasis on early validation of the biological target, MoA + in vivo efficacy \$/\$\$				
mRNA	 revenue-generating collaborations with other biopharma companies after in vitro PoC in mRNA targets selected by the partner: target & hit validation, design and optimization of drug-like-molecules using our mRNA discovery platform enhaced by generative Al Direct outlicensing of Molecure newly discovered molecules targeting mRNA directly 				
Overall until 2025	$_{\odot}$ 2-3 revenue generating partnerships in clinical (1) and early stage (1-2) pipeline				

Summary of milestones





Planned expenditures to fuel growth | H2 2023-2025

In total ~PLN 250 m (USD 62,5 m*)



* amounts rounded and converted at the USD exchange rate as of June 28 2023 - 4.05.



Molecure assumes that the implementation of the updated strategy will be financed from:

- Existing cash and cash equivalents (approx. PLN 50 m SD 12,5 m**, estimated for June 30, 2023).
- Existing (already granted) and future non-dilutive grants and subsidies (at least PLN 75 m; USD 25 m**)
- Financing from capital markets (within execution of Investment Authorized Capital), and revenue from at least one partnering transaction, only part of which would be required to cover total expenditures - a min. of PLN 150 m; USD 37,5 m**).



Molecure | leading the vibrant Polish biotech sector



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